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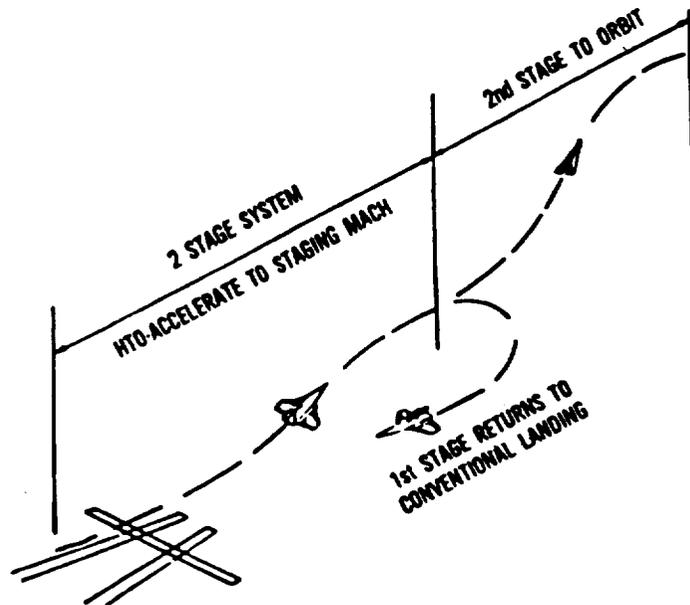
BETA II, A NEAR TERM, FULLY REUSABLE, HORIZONTAL TAKEOFF & LANDING TWO-STAGE-TO-ORBIT LAUNCH VEHICLE CONCEPT

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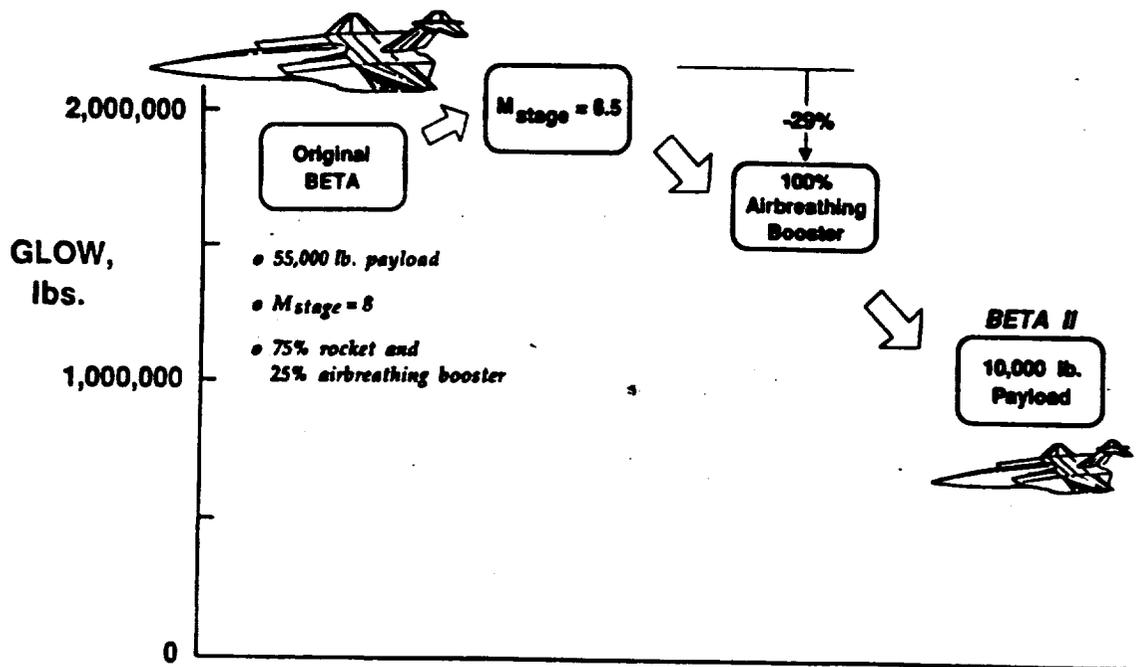
A recent study has confirmed the feasibility of a near term, fully reusable, horizontal takeoff and landing two-stage-to-orbit (TSTO) launch vehicle concept. The vehicle stages at Mach 6.5. The first stage is powered by a turboramjet propulsion system with the turbojets being fueled by JP and the ramjet by LH₂. The second stage is powered by an SSME rocket engine. For about the same gross weight as growth versions of the 747, the vehicle can place 10,000 lbm. in low polar orbit or 16,000 lbm. to Space Station Freedom.

Design Goals

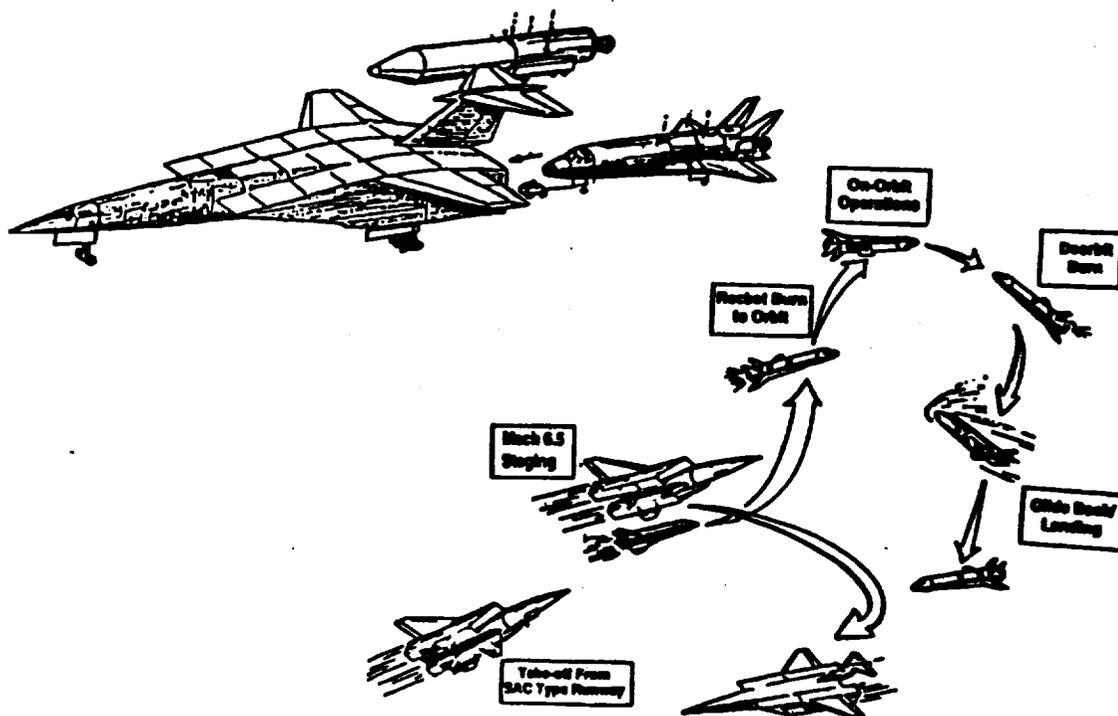
- Near-term staged system
- Doable technology levels
- Airbreathing first stage
- Rocket second stage
- Full reuseability
- All Azimuth launch
- Horizontal take-off and landing
- Bottom drop staging mode ease in handling and separation
- Integrated ferry capability



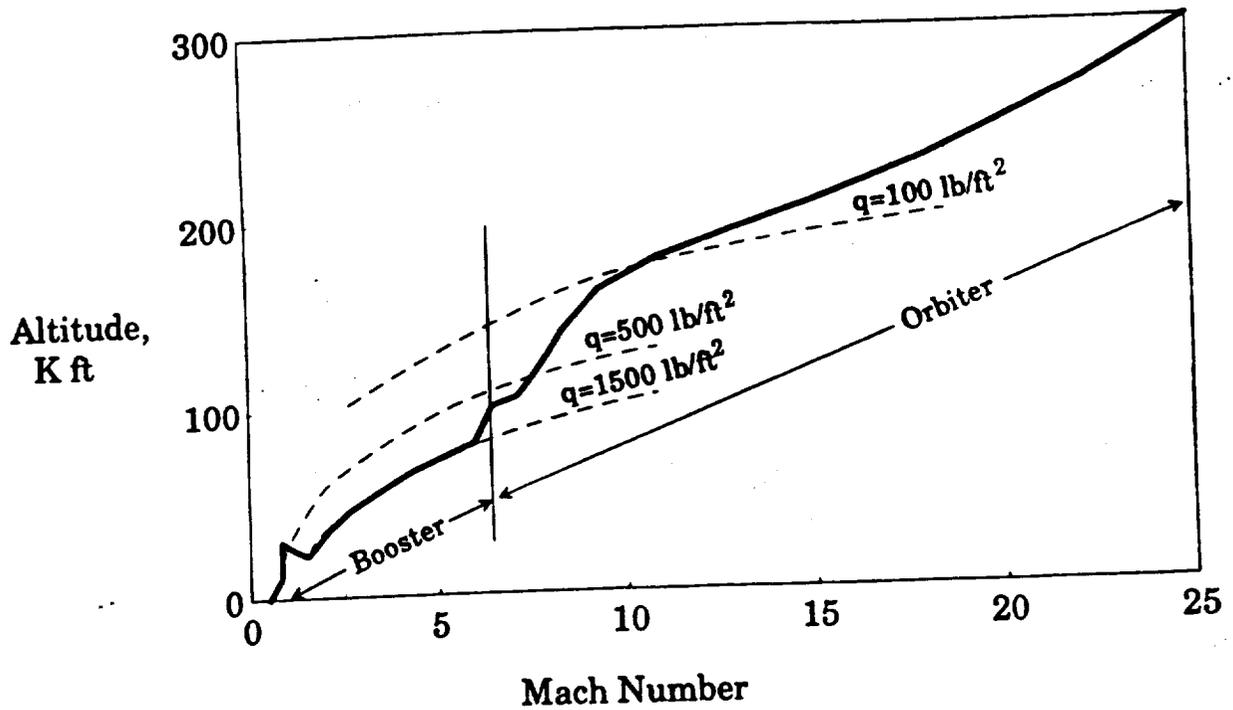
Evolution of BETA Airbreathing Launch Vehicle



Typical Mission Profile



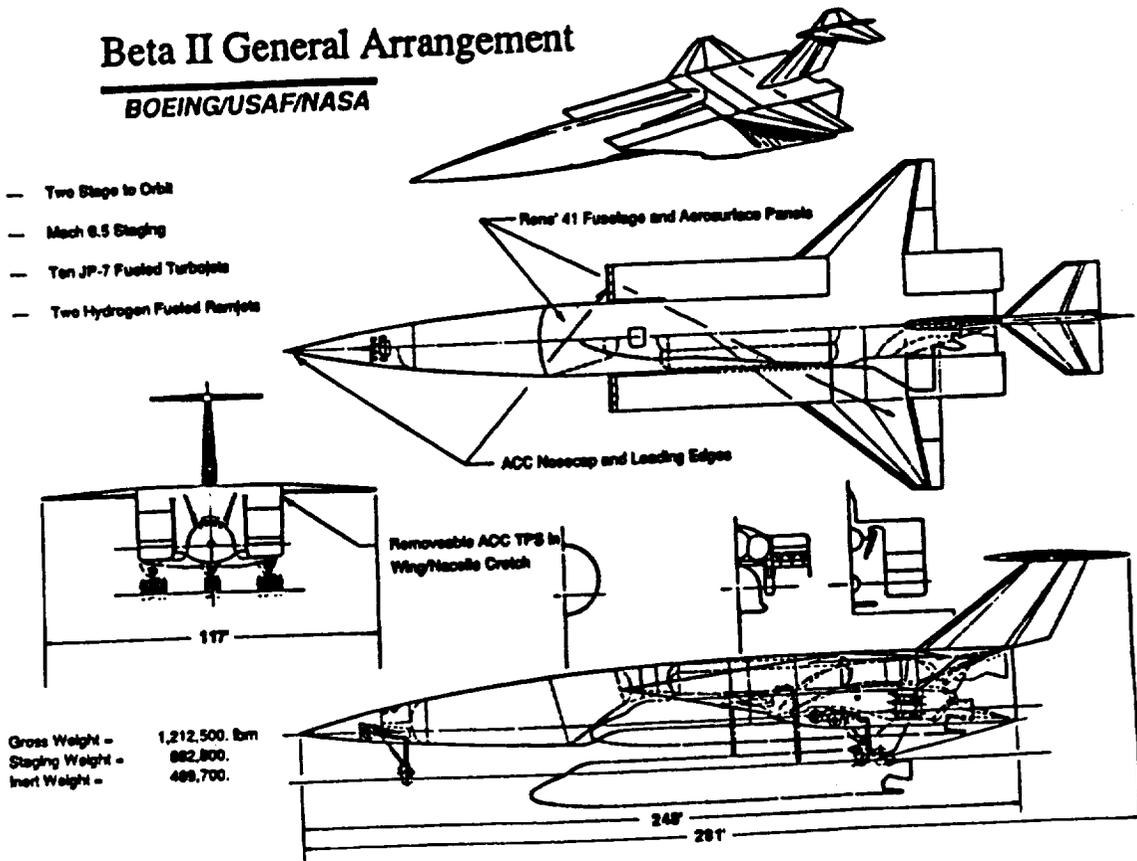
Optimum Trajectory



Beta II General Arrangement

BOEING/USAF/NASA

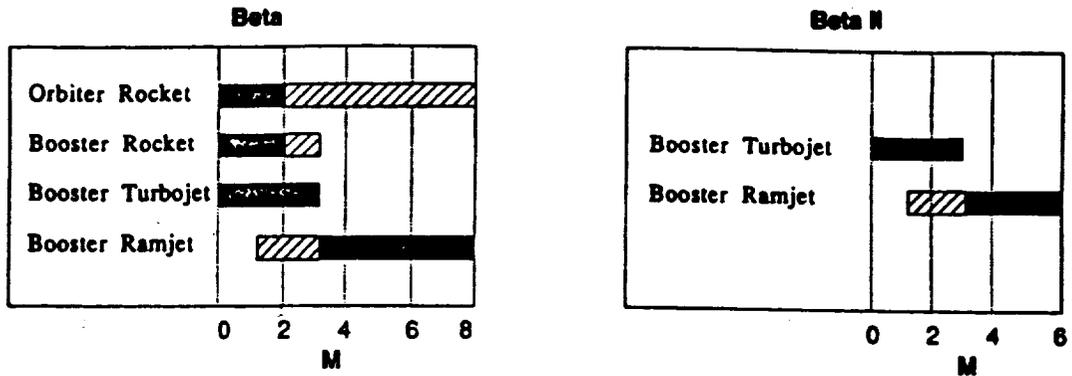
- Two Stages to Orbit
- Mach 6.5 Staging
- Ten JP-7 Fueled Turbojets
- Two Hydrogen Fueled Ramjets



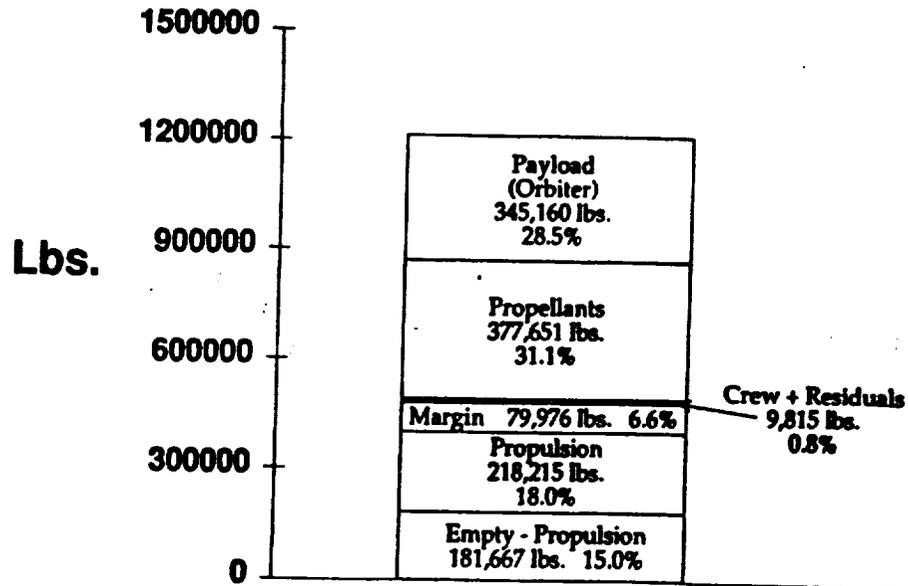
Gross Weight - 1,212,500. lbm
 Staging Weight - 882,800.
 Inert Weight - 489,700.

BETA ENGINE OPERATING SCHEDULE

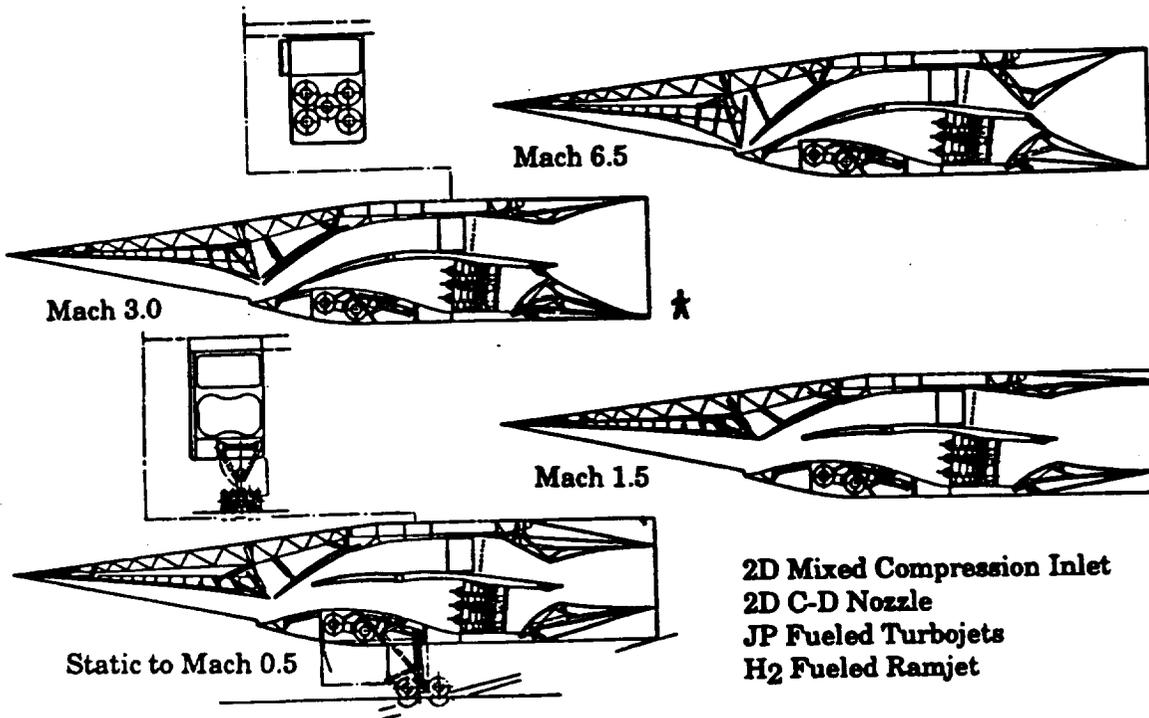
Full Power
 Partial Power



Beta II Booster Weights



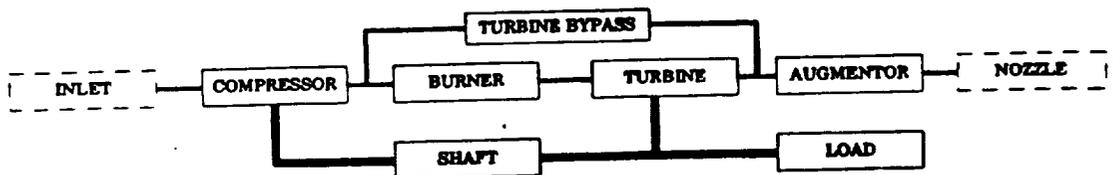
Beta II Nacelle at Selected Operational Modes



BETA Turbine-Bypass Engine Major Parameters

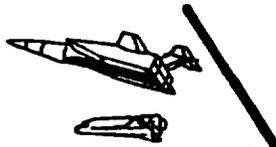
(Engine From Concurrent HSR Studies)

One-spool turbine bypass engine



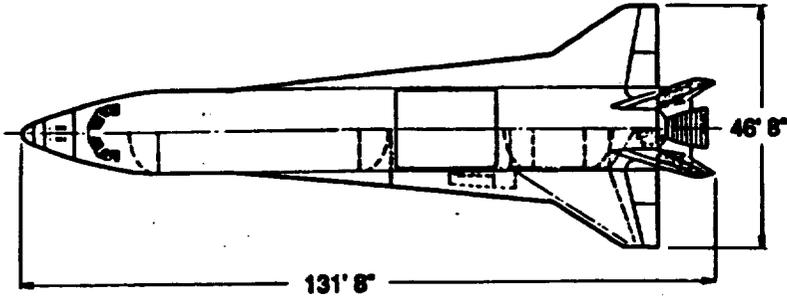
CORRECTED AIRFLOW 625 lbm/sec	OVERALL PRESSURE RATIO 20.4	MAXIMUM T41 3360 R	WEIGHT 6850 lbs	LENGTH 123 inches	DIAMETER 66 inches
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Sea Level Static	Maximum Dry	Maximum Augmented
Net Thrust	55143 lbf	78400 lbf
TSFC	0.9429	1.6382

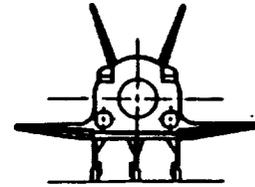
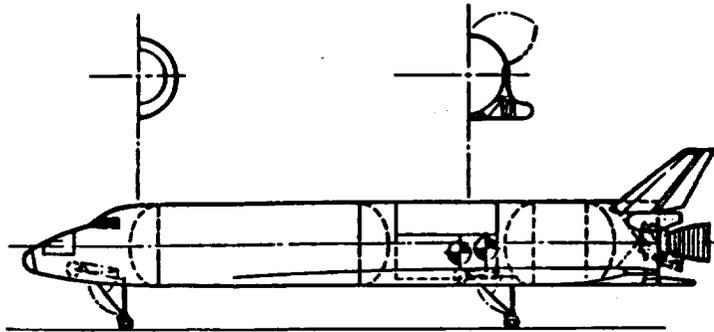


Mach 6.5 Staging Beta Orbiter

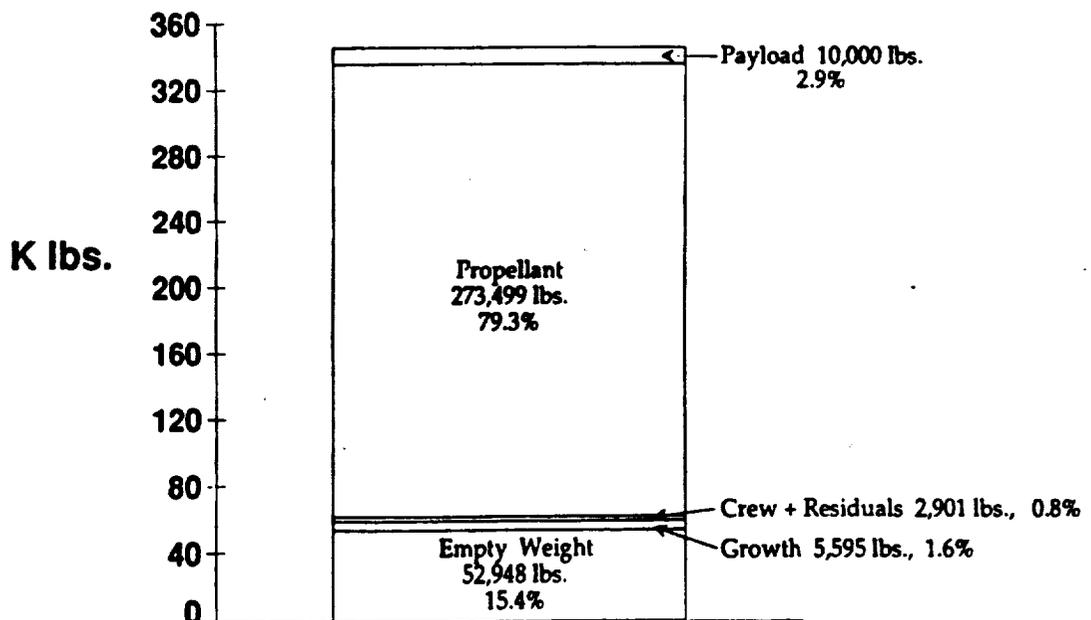
BOEING/USAF/NASA



- 10 klb Payload to 120 x 120 nmi Polar LEO
- All LOX-Hydrogen Propulsion
- 345,160 lb Gross
- 61,444 lb Inert
- $\lambda=0.811$



Beta II Orbiter Weights



BETA II

- **Viable and robust**
 - Conservative design, structures, materials
 - Minimum technology development
 - 20% growth margin built in
 - 747 weight class
- **Potential for low cost operation**
 - Simple stage mating
 - Airplane-like operations (intact, safe abort)
 - Fully recoverable
 - No ferry aircraft required
- **Versatile**
 - 10K — polar
 - 10 men + 10K — space station
 - 30K — space station (expendable 2nd stage)
 - All weather launch
 - M 4 - 6 research aircraft (booster)
 - Carrier for airbreathing M 6 - 25 research vehicle
 - Multi-mission vehicle

Advanced Manned Lanuch System (AMLS) Prop. Status
John R. Olds
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(Paper Not Received in Time for Printing)

